

## Abstract

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**Project Title:**

Interior fixed points of map extensions

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**Abstract:** Schirmer proved that there is a class of smooth self-maps of the unit sphere in Euclidean  $n$ -space with the property that any smooth self-map of the unit ball that extends a map of that class must have at least one fixed point in the interior of the ball. We generalize Schirmer's result by proving that a smooth self-map of Euclidean  $n$ -space that extends a self-map of the unit sphere of that class must have at least one fixed point in the interior of the unit ball.

Let  $X$  be a compact smooth  $n$ -manifold, with or without boundary, and let  $A$  be an  $(n - 1)$ -dimensional smooth submanifold of the interior of  $X$ . Let  $\phi: A \rightarrow A$  be a smooth map and  $f: (X, A) \rightarrow (X, A)$  be a smooth map whose restriction to  $A$  is  $\phi$ . If  $p \in A$  is an isolated fixed point of  $f$  that is a transversal fixed point of  $\phi$ , that is, the linear transformation  $d\phi_p - I_A: T_p A \rightarrow T_p A$  is nonsingular, then the fixed point index of  $f$  at  $p$  satisfies the inequality  $|i(X, f, p)| \leq 1$ . It follows that if  $\phi$  has  $k$  fixed points, all transverse, and the Lefschetz number  $L(f) > k$ , then there is at least one fixed point of  $f$  in  $X \setminus A$ . Examples demonstrate that these results do not hold if the maps are not smooth.

**Mathematics Subject Classification:** 55M20.

**Keywords:** Interior fixed point theory, smooth manifold, smooth map, extension of a map, fixed point index, transversal fixed point, Inverse Function Theorem, Lefschetz number, Lefschetz-Hopf theorem